

### Sequences of Garde Mobile.

"France, now for the first time since 1815, indeed I may say for the first time this century, begins to feel

the weight of war. Heretofore the burden of war fell on the very poorest people: The peasants would make any sacrifice to save their sons from the military draft. Tens of thousands of peasant families have lived for years on bread and vegetables in order to amass cash to pay the ransom for their sons.

cent the money required to purchase a substitute. During the Crimean war (when substitutes cost \$1000 gold) many peasants mortgaged all their land, sold their cow, and left the wife at home to take care of the

farm, while father and son went away to work as servants. Any young man is preferable to being a soldier. But now everybody under twenty-five years old is obliged to go; the sons of bankers, nobles, artists, lawyers, doctors, wealthy land-owners—all must go. There is no buying a substitute. In the middle classes this is ruining many a family. At Liao a young barber, married three months, and who had just opened a shop, into which he had put all his and his wife's money, has been obliged to abandon all and march to the frontier. A young lending master opened a savings room last October; all his feelings went to turn out and fit it up; he has been ordered to the frontier; the room is closed.

next October everything it contains will be sold to satisfy rent. A young farmer I know is twenty-four and half years old; he has been married two months; he, too, has been sent to the frontier. How he will pay his rent for his farm he don't know.

He has sold everything he had but one cow (he had eight); he lost seventy per cent. on all of them, and has been obliged to hire a man servant to attend to the farm during his absence. On Thursday night the performance at the Theater de Montparnasse was brought to an abrupt close by the appearance of general d'armes, who came to tell three


✶ The position of financial editor on the New York Tribune is said to be worth anywhere from \$25,000 to \$75,000 a year.

General E. Kirby Smith is now located in Nashville as chancellor of the University of Nashville, which General Bushrod Johnson President.

Gen. C. A. Battle is mentioned as a candidate for Governor of Alabama, on the Democratic ticket, and Colonel R. H. Powell, for Lieutenant Governor.

The census takers have made out the population of Columbus, Ga. a little less than 8,000. The editor has since taken the census to himself, and find the actual population to be 13,130.

George B. Shute, a cotton factor of New Orleans, has absconded leaving behind him unpaid debts to the amount of \$200,000.

 A young man, near Centerville, Alabama, was bitten several times in his wooden leg, the other day, by a snake, which was subsequently killed.

**James B. Connelly**, an old and well-known citizen of Nashville, died in that city Saturday evening in the eighty-second year of his age. During the Indian war Mr. Connelly was a member of General Jackson's body-guard, and served with credit during the war.

six Indians have lately been within sixteen miles of Gatesville, Texas where they stole sundry horses, some of them belonging to Federal soldiers, two hundred and fifty of whom passed through the same neighborhood on the same night.

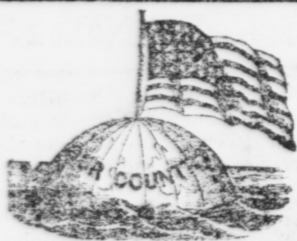
**THE** Undertaker having apartments to let, posted his bills upon the coffins in the windows: "Lodging for a single gentleman."

**THE** Woman's sphere has been defined by a lady lecturer as "bounded north by her husband, on the east by her baby, on the south by her mother-in-law, and on the west by her maiden aunt."

**THE** Empress has just sent a telegram to "try and have a battle without fighting—that's a good deal." What do these women know about war, anyhow?



A. J. MOREY, Editor.



## ATTENTION CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

The Democratic Central Committee of Harrison county, will be pleased to meet at the office of Cleary & West, on Saturday next at 4 o'clock, P. M.

## FOR SUPERINTENDENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTIONS.

We are pleased to announce that our excellent friend Rev. H. A. M. Henderson, has been induced to run for the position of Superintendent of Public Instructions, for Kentucky. We feel that he has some claims upon his friends in Harrison, and we hope that he may be considered worthy for the position, by the great Democratic party of Kentucky, for we know of none better qualified, and none with more energy to carry out the great humanitarian objects which our people and legislature had an eye upon when adopting the recent new school laws.

## REGISTER OF THE LAND OFFICE.

We learn from the Carrollton Democrat, that Maj. R. Frank Harrison, is a candidate for this office. He is a true and tried Democrat, a gentleman in every sense of the word, and well qualified for the place. He has the confidence of his fellow-citizens of Carroll, who have conferred upon him the office of County Court Clerk, which he fills to the satisfaction of the people. We shall be pleased to vote for the Major, if nominated, and we shall be pleased to give our hearty support for the nomination.

## DEMOCRATIC.

The following is the Democratic platform according to the Democracy of Clarion county, Pennsylvania: "We believe this to be a white man's government, formed by white men for the benefit of white men and their posterity forever; and so believing, we are opposed to the Fifteenth Amendment, which was conceived in iniquity, and adopted by force at the point of the bayonet, in opposition to the wishes of the people, and in violation of the constitution, not only of the State of Pennsylvania, but of the United States."

## DEATH OF JNO. WARD.

We have been informed by friends that Jno. Ward, Esq. of Arkansas, was murdered at Hot Springs, near Little Rock, Arks., on Wednesday or Thursday last.

Jno. Ward was a native of this county; and a brother of Hon. H. Ward, of this city, and of Zeb Ward Esq., of Woodford county. John Ward was about 69 years of age, and was as vigorous as half our young men. He was a man of great mind, and none had more firmness and courage.

We hope our correspondent at Hot Springs, will give us the particulars of this Assassination.

## WITHDRAWN.

Messrs. Trabue and Marshall, both candidates for Congress in the Lexington District, have withdrawn from the track. They have just found out that there were too many candidates in the field. We feel like complimenting these gentlemen for their good sense.

Mr. Marshall, in one of his happy moods, recently while speaking to the people, and electioneering for Congress, in the Lexington District, said he did not know what he should do with his respected opponent, Mr. Trabue. Grant had bottled up Beast Butler, which was considered sufficient in that case; but for Trabue, he (Marshall), believed he would take a goose-quill, cut the feathered end off and stick him (Trabue) into the cavity left and file him away. Trabue has not been seen or heard of since. Mr. Marshall said A. G. Talbot was a candidate for Congress also. He already held a position as representative in the State Senate, and he filled his chair there half full, but if the people sent him to Congress, he would not be any nearer filling a seat in Washington, than a white bean would be to filling a bladder.

## DEATH OF HON. JOSHUA F. BELL.

This gentleman, as we learn from the Danville Advocate, died at his residence in that city, on Wednesday, 17th inst. He had been stricken with Paralysis of the lower limbs some four months ago, and had so far recovered as to move about occasionally, but not sufficiently to give hope that he would ever be restored again. For a week prior to his death he commenced sinking, when he closed his career on Wednesday, as above stated. He was 59 years of age.

Mr. Bell was an eloquent speaker, and whenever and wherever he was announced to address the people in Kentucky, he was certain to have hearers. He had few equals in the State; but as strong as he was on the stump he was never very successful. He was a man of firmness and principle.

A. J. MOREY, Esq.—Being in a dilemma I feel anxious to submit my difficulties to your mature judgment. My father was a Prussian—my mother was French, and I am a native of France. Now, my dear sir, can I properly interfere in the present Franco-Prussian war? My penchant is for France, particularly so as it was my good fortune, when a stripling, to have the honor of being seated in the Empress Josephine's lap. But, having taken the oath of allegiance to the United States of America, and to the State of Kentucky, and being in principle a Republican—not in a party sense, but as Redoubtism was in the days of Washington? I want to know of you whether I could consistently accept of a high position in either of the belligerent armies, by putting off my republican coat as did the Quaker, when driven to the ultimatum of a fight? And if your verdict is in favor of my taking part in the war, please express on which side. Your paper is extensively read in this country, and perhaps in Europe, and it may bring me to the remembrance of their Majesties, the Emperor of the French, and the King of Prussia. Your immediate decision of my dilemma is anxiously solicited, as either of Marshal or at least of Major General, may be tendered by the belligerents before your next issue. Your friend,

BERRYVILLE, KY.

Our friend "Mars" has brought us to a point where we have desired to speak out for several week past, and now that the war has progressed to its present status, and the punishment from the news received, indicates that both parties have suffered immensely, we feel that we can say what we feel without giving offense.

We sympathize with France, and the French people, for many reasons that we don't propose to enumerate here—but while that is true we condemn Napoleon for inaugurating a war without a cause. When the Prussian Prince withdrew from the canvass for the Throne of Spain, al cause for a war, even to a sensitive Frenchman, had disappeared, and the Emperor should have ceased preparing for it. But no, he was for war, right or wrong, and straight way sends his Turcos to the Prussian Frontier.

And why did he do so?

Not because he wanted a war, but because the Prussians had suddenly loomed up into a first class power in Europe—and because King William and Prussia was standing up shoulder to shoulder with the Emperor, and La Belle France; and the Emperor was mad and jealous and determined long since to kick up a fight with the Prussians. And the Emperor has been unfortunate, up to this time, for himself, as he finds his Throne sinking beneath his feet, and unless the tide of battle should set in favorable to his cause, we believe that sixty days more will find him, either in Exile or Prison.

It is true that King William is aggressive in his policy. He goes for those infamous notions of consolidation and centralization, and desires to make Germany a unity, and especially so under his command, and all surrounding his Throne. His idea is to absorb, to snap up and devour all Europe. Hence it was that a Prussian Prince was proposed for the Throne of Spain, that Prussia might surround, as it were, the French Empire. But the Prussian Prince was withdrawn, and then it was that all cause for war was at an end. Napoleon, however, asked for guarantees against future propositions of the kind, and he was refused, and it is said insultingly so—but in this we can not see a cause for the great struggle into which he finds himself thro. Many may, and do contend that he was alarmed for the French Nationality. If so why was it, and why is it that his great men in the Assembly could not see any cause for alarm at the condition of affairs. We believe he made war for the purpose of destroying the republican opposition which has been raised against him by his own people, and nothing else and he will succeed.

What right had Napoleon, as Emperor of France, to pander to his meanest passions, and precipitate France into a war in which thousands upon thousands of his countrymen,

as well as thousands upon thousands of King William's subjects should be destroyed—their cities burned, and their substance eaten up?

None, except what he calls his "Divine Right."

We contend that all these "Divine Right" fellows should be lodged in some Lunatic Asylum, or put in some cage where they won't hurt other people—and when they want to fight, they should be turned out by themselves, that they may fight with themselves only.

Two thirds of the bloody and devastating wars of Europe, have been made to satisfy personal piques, of Male or Female Royalty.

The French people, in our opinion, have not entered into this strife with the Prussians, at the command of the Emperor Napoleon, with a willingness which in any particular indicated a hearty co-operation or enthusiasm. On the contrary, they have faced their enemies with a conscious feeling that they were in the wrong—and have only fought bravely when excited to revenge at the sight of the death of their comrades.

The French are a great nation, and considered among the most intelligent. They are brave and generous, and when united are invincible. But the simple and foolish whim of an old pampered dotard, whose mind has been warped and weakened by disease, until it is known only to a few individuals that he holds an existence in this sordid sphere, could not unite forty millions of people on an abstract idea, to sacrifice themselves, simply because he is jealous of the greatness and glory of some of his neighbors. And they should not be united in an unholy war of the kind.

We have no respect for King William, or any other Emperor, King, Prince or Potentate. They are all Tyrants and oppress the common people. Like other Tyrants, King William asserts that he holds his position by "Divine Right"—that God has placed him over the Prussian people, and that every knee should bend and every tongue in his realm confess and glorify him. Believing that to be a lie, we have no sympathy with any of their triumphs or defeats, but hope that out of all this strife and bloodshed, something may be gained for the people, for liberty and for humanity.

To our friend "Mars," then, we say, have nothing to do with Prussians while they fight to strengthen the Throne of the Tyrant, King William, although it may be the land of your father's nativity, for his subjects are only riveting the chains which must enslave them forever. And if you enlist under the Emperor Napoleon, you are fighting for him and the establishment of his Throne, not for France. He is a Tyrant, like King William, and in this war has shown less respect for the lives of his subjects, than the Prussian Tyrant. Never fight for Monarchs. They are tyrants and oppress the people. But should the people of France, the native land of yourself and mother, or the people of Prussia, the native land of your father, make a strike for freedom from their oppressors, then we say buckle on your armor and go and help them, for 'tis said that "resistance to Tyrants is obedience to God."

## EUROPEAN WAR NEWS.

Our news from the seat of war in Europe this morning is not of a very startling character. Skirmishing has been going on almost continually, but no serious engagement has taken place since the great battle of the 18th. Reports concerning this battle, as also that of the 16th, are very conflicting. Both the French and Prussians claim a complete victory. Both agree, however, that the slaughter was terrific. By way of London we learn that the bombardment of Strasbourg has been commenced. Gen. Trochu, commanding at Paris, has issued a proclamation to the people counseling them to remain firm, and intimating that the city will have to stand a siege. The Emperor and Prince Imperial made a narrow escape from capture. They are now at Chalons. Prince Napoleon, it is rumored, has gone to Italy on an important mission. The Prussians, at last accounts, occupied the road from Metz to Verdun, and a battle, decisive of the war is hourly expected.

LATER.—Since the above was put in type, a special dispatch to the New York Herald has been received, dated at Carlsruhe, 21st, stating that the Crown Prince has achieved another complete victory over the French in front of Chalons.

Private advices received in New York from Paris state that McMahon, with 131,000 veterans, has effected a junction with the left wing of Marshal

Bazaine's army. This movement of McMahon is said to have frustrated the plans of the Prussians, who are thereby placed in a very perilous position. The Prussians are reported to be surrounding Verdun, which is imperfectly defended. The camp at Chalons has been raised, and the troops there ordered to take positions along the line. It is thought that the Crown Prince intends to advance on Paris by the Valley of the Aube. Bazaine has been supplied with ammunition and food. A dispatch from Berlin says the Prussians occupy Meziere. The fortress of Toul was bombarded by the Prussians on the 16th, but was not seriously damaged. Prince Napoleon is at Florence. His mission is to demand the mediation of Italy. The French Minister to England has been instructed to make demands of England for mediation. Queen Victoria's letter to the Empress Eugenie is published. The Queen regrets her inability to mediate. She intimates that it is an affair for the Cabinet, and the Cabinet thinks the time inopportune. Olivier is reported dangerously ill with brain fever.

General Molke, it appears, is another of the men who have learned how to set a bridle upon their tongues. He seldom speaks to anybody, and never converses. He knows seven languages, but it is a superfluous accomplishment since he never uses one of them—a man, in fact, entirely after Mr. Carlyle's heart. Just before he started for the war, a great speculation in stocks met him and desiring to get a hint or two for future use, said: "Well, General! how are things getting on?" "Thank you, Sir," was the reply "my eye crops are getting on beautifully, but my potatoes are very backward." Things have been getting on better with the General since then.

The dispatches Wednesday morning are very contradictory, none of them seeming to establish the real position of the French or Prussian forces. Private dispatches received in New York state that there is great mourning in Berlin over the recent terrible losses. The corps of Gen. Steinmetz is said to have been nearly destroyed. The Prussians are said to desire to avoid a fight until they can fill up their shattered ranks, but Bazaine, having been joined by McMahon, will, it is said, force a battle within forty-eight hours. It is reported in London that Marshal Bazaine has forced a passage by the way of Antun and Longun, reaching Montmedy. It is reported that the Crown Prince of Prussia has withdrawn from his advance on Paris and gone to the support of the Prussian armies west of Metz, the position of the latter being threatened with a formidable attack from Bazaine, now reinforced by McMahon. A heavy rain fell all Monday night, which must have impeded all military movements yesterday. In the Corps Legislatif on Monday Com. Palikao announced the receipt of a dispatch, dated the 19th, giving reassuring news. The Soir says the dispatch was from Bazaine, and was brought by a messenger. It is understood the message contained much important and favorable news, which has been kept from the public. The other journals of yesterday state that a dispatch has been received there from Bazaine, in which he declares his purpose to remain at Metz, without any fuller explanation. The dispatch admits that Bazaine's communications were at one time endangered, but asserts that they are now secure. A London dispatch says the general headquarters of the French on Sunday night were a few miles west of Rheims. German dispatches received in London yesterday report General Bazaine in Metz with all his communications cut off. A dispatch from Berlin says the German forces in France have been partially reorganized. They are said to number 520,000. A dispatch from Alexandria reports the capture by the French of the Prussian frigate Herther, carrying twenty-eight guns.

## WINE BATH.

A good story is told of an American travelling in Paris. Having occasion to take a bath, his physician recommended a wine bath. In the employ of the establishment there was a colored man whom he had known in America, and of him he inquired how they could give a wine bath for 75 cents. "Why, massa," said the negro, "that wine has been in the bath-room for one week, and you is thirty-eight persons that bathed in it." "Well I suppose they throw it away when they are done with it." "Oh, no master; they send it down stairs for the poor people, who bathe for 25 cents." "And then what do with it?" "Bottled up and sent it to America, where they sell it for French wine."—Kentucky People.

[For the Cynthiana News.

BUREAU VISTA, KY., Aug. 20th, 1870. MR. EDITOR:—The time is not far off when the honorable Magistrates of Harrison county, will meet for the purpose of electing a School Commissioner for the ensuing term of two years. It would be presumptuous in any one to attempt to advise them in the selection of a suitable man for this responsible position. But, I hazard nothing in expressing the hope that our present efficient and zealous Commissioner, Mr. W. B. Caldwell, for the place, which, since

his appointment, he has filled with ability, and so far as I have learned, to the satisfaction of all. The duties of the School Commissioner are important, and though inadequately remunerated, to be faithfully and efficiently discharged, require much time and labor. Among the most important of the many duties devolving upon him, is the one that compels him to visit, at least once in each year, all the schools in the county, investigate and direct the operations of the same, by council, advice and public addresses, excite and enlist an interest, examine the course of study pursued and the text books used, and in various ways, generally promote the cause of public instruction. No person can be considered qualified to discharge well these responsible duties, unless he is possessed of fair educational attainments, and has been associated in the interests and management of schools. A teacher of long and varied experience is required to discharge, with efficiency and success, this perhaps, the most important duty of the Commissioner's office. To select an unfit person to this responsible position, is to inflict an injury almost equal to a calamity on the whole country.

The late more liberal endowment of our Common Schools has awakened the slumbering interests of the cause of popular education; and with a live and energetic Commissioner at the head of our schools, supported by the hearty co-operation of the people, our county need be second to none in the State in its educational advantages.

TEACHER.

## CARPET-BAGGERY AT AN END.

The New York Sun, quick to perceive the truth, asserts that the overwhelming defeat of Grant's administration in North Carolina, foreshadows the downfall of carpet-bag governments in all the Southern States. Says the Sun: The fruits of the carpet-bag reign of the last five years are what might have been expected. The world may be searched in vain for governments so immoral, so shamelessly corrupt, so hopelessly rotten, as those now prevailing in the South. Politically they may be changed; but this can not cure one of the sores of the evils already inflicted. These scamps have run the States they rule ruinously into debt. The Legislatures controlled by them have pledged the States to the discharge of pecuniary obligations of crushing weight, to the future redemption of an enormous amount of bonds, and to the imposition of onerous taxes through a series of years. This has been done in furtherance of all sorts of schemes, whereby the authors reap present wealth and anticipate larger gains in the immediate future. These burdens have already seriously embarrassed all of these States, and well nigh bankrupted some of them; and to save them from ruin, the reign of the carpet-bag robbers must be speedily brought to an end. The Sun concludes:

"These corrupt carpet-bag usurpations are the outlying supports of Gen. Grant's administration. They sustain him by their votes, and he sustains them by his bayonets. Their downfall will herald his overthrow."

## SINKING SLOWLY.

Diseases that progress rapidly to a crisis are not the only ones to be dreaded. Canker or dry rot does not blast the tree as suddenly as a stroke of lightning, but unless arrested, it destroys it as certainly, and in like manner chronic debility, although it does not kill with the swiftness of yellow fever, is as sure to sap the springs of life eventually as any acute disease, if not checked by judicious medical aid. There is something impressively touching in the space of premature decay. Lagunor, pallor, emaciation, depression of spirits, and a distant, for exertion, are its ordinary symptoms, and they should be promptly met by tonification. The best invigorant and excitant that can be administered in a case of this kind is Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. The stimulating principle of the preparation rouses the dormant energies of the system, and the strengthening properties give a permanent and healthful impulse to the vital forces thus brought into play. The failing appetite is re-awakened, the process of digestion and assimilation are quickened, the quality of the blood is improved, the secretions become more natural, and every organ that contributes to the nourishment of the body undergoes salutary change. By these means the repair of the physical structure is effected and its health and vigor restored. In no class of diseases has the beneficent operation of the Bitters been more marked and striking than in those characterized by general debility and nervous prostration. Ladies affected with these ailments find in this most wholesome of all tonics and correctives the safest and surest means of relief. It is strong to restore and powerless to injure. Such is the uniform testimony of "clouds of witnesses."

August 4, 1870—1mo.

## PREPARE FOR THE CHOMERA.

With the "heated term" comes the danger of that frightful pestilence—Cholera and kindred diseases. With untold and indescribable misery has been visited upon thousands annually by these awful complaints. But every one ought to be made aware that a specific for this class of diseases as well as a certain preventive, is the celebrated MISHLER'S HERB BITTERS. It will positively fortify the system against the attacks of Asiatic Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Cholera Infantum, Diarrhea, Summer Complaint, Dysentery, Colic, Painters' Colic, &c. D. H. Bissell, M. D., Physician-in-chief of the U. S. Hospital Ship "Falcon" highly recommends it for Cholera, and has used it with marvellous success in such cases. It acts like an angel of mercy in every instance. Sold by all druggists and dealers. Price one dollar per bottle.

## Horses Handed and Sold.

JAS. T. NICHOLS, HAS opened his Stable and Track 3/4 miles West of Cynthiana, on the Raven Creek River, and will Train Saddle and Harness horses, as well as cheap as any man in Kentucky. April 7, 1870.

W. W. LONGMOOR. W. S. WALL. HOMER LONGMOOR. **Longmoor, Wall & Co.** HAVING formed a co-partnership for the purpose of carrying on the Furniture, Queensware and Glassware business, we would respectfully invite the attention of the citizens of Cynthiana, and vicinity, to our large and varied assortment of Furniture. Complete Chamber Sets, Bedsteads, Bureaus, Chairs, Tables, Stands, Sofas, And everything comprised in a full and complete stock. Goods delivered free of Charge. China, Glass, Queensware, Looking Glasses, Lamps, Silver Plated Ware, And Fancy Goods—White China, Gold Band and Decorated Tea-Sets, Dinner Ware, Knives, Forks, Spoons, Castors, &c., &c. In great variety—at old time Gold Prices. Special attention paid to the Trade in WALL PAPER. Of which we intend to keep a full and complete stock. We also have a Stock of Hardware, which we will sell at cost, as we wish to close it out. We are also prepared with a complete Stock of Wood and Metal Coffins, and an elegant Hearse, to attend all Funerals for which we may be called. August 18, 1870.

P. O'SULLIVAN. Would inform his old friends and the public generally, that he is now to be found in his **Own House,** On Pike street, opposite to King & Ashbrook's, where he is prepared to sell Goods at **REASONABLE RATES,** And will not be undersold by any one. Call and see for yourselves. His Stock comprises the latest Style of Hats, Ready Made Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Ladies Shoes and Gaiters, School Books, Catholic Prayer Books and Bibles, Also, a nice Stock of Fancy Groceries. He is also Agent for the **Liverpool and Great Western Steam Company.** And is prepared to furnish Drafts on England, Ireland, or any part of the Continent, at the Lowest Rate, or if you want a Ticket for any of your friends in Europe, let him a call, he will be glad to see you. July 28, 1870—1mo.

**STRAYED OR STOLEN.** From my Farm, 2 1/2 miles North of Cynthiana, about the 10th of J. 1870, **One Black Mare,** About 15 hands, one inch and 1/2 high, with star in forehead—1 year old. Any person finding or giving information so that I may get my Mare, shall be liberally rewarded. J. RENEKER, Jr. June 30th, 1870—1st.

**DR. THOS. B. SMITH,** Would respectfully inform the Public, that I have open my Office in Jones' Building on

**MAIN STREET, Cynthiana, Ky.,**

To engage in Curing most of the Diseases of Horses and Cattle, and the general practice as a Veterinarian. I would also inform the people at large, that I shall continue to build

**Smith's Agricultural Liniment.**

The demand for this article is increasing rapidly, but I shall endeavor to supply the demand, by calling to my aid as many persons as may be necessary. I will not content myself on the virtues of this Liniment, nor add Certificate after Certificate, it is well known to you as a cure for Rheumatism, Ven. Ailms, Swellings, Strains, Sprains, Bruis, Soreness, Pains, Collar Galls, Saddle Cuts, Sweeney, &c., to need comment. As your public servant, I am truly, THOMAS B. SMITH, Veterinarian.

May 2, 1870—1y.

**TAKE NOTICE:** All my accounts are now due and made out, and I appeal my friends who know themselves indebted will please come forward and settle. E. McDANIEL, Leesburg, July 14, 1870.

**HOW IS THIS FOR HIGH?** Can you can Fruits as Cheap as I can

I buy my cans at **J. E. SMITH'S,** He can make more cans than any body else can in Cynthiana.

**Mr. Smith, takes pleasure in announcing, that he has on hand the largest assortment of Tin-ware and Stoves that has ever been on exhibition in Cynthiana—and that he invites the ladies to call and see him before purchasing elsewhere.**

**July 7, 1870.**

**DISSOLUTION.** The Partnership heretofore existing between H. M. Keller, W. W. Longmoor, and Homer Longmoor, under the style of Keller, Longmoor & Co., is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to said firm, will please call at the Store-room of Longmoor, Wall & Co., on Pike Street near Main, and settle, as we desire to close our Books as soon as possible. Thankful for past favors, we solicit the patronage of all our friends, for the new firm of Longmoor, Wall & Co., our successors in the business. H. M. KELLER, W. W. LONGMOOR, HOMER LONGMOOR, Cynthiana, August 11th, 1870.

A. K. LEWIS & CO., Wholesale Dealers

BOURBON AND RYE WHISKIES. 413 MADISON STREET, COVINGTON, KY. Storage and Consignments solicited.—Insurance and Sales effected at most reasonable rates. August 11, 1870—3w.

**Lumber! Lumber!** Shingles, Laths, Sash, DOORS, BLINDS, &c.

We are now prepared to furnish all the above articles of **Greatly Reduced Prices.** and as low as they can be bought in Cincinnati.

Being connected with one of the largest manufacturing of Lumber at Saginaw, Michigan, enables us to sell in any quantity cheaper than any other dealer in this city. We have now in our yard 2,000,000 feet of seasoned Pine, Poplar and Hemlock lumber.

Extra "A" No. 1 18 inch sawed shingles. 500,000 cut Poplar shingles, from \$2.50 to \$4.00 per thousand. Delivered on board of cars without extra charge.

**CHARLES & MATHEWS,** Lumber Dealers, No. 63 Pike Street, Covington, July 1, 1870.

**LEON CUSON,** WITH

**LEWIS WALD & CO** IMPORTERS AND JOBBERS OF

**NOTIONS,** Hosery, Gloves, **Furnishing Goods,**

AND FANCY BASKETS, 137 AND 139 WEST THIRD STREET, CINCINNATI, O.

August 11, 1870.

**NEW CARPENTERS' HO.** TAKE NOTICE! I will do work 10 per cent. cheaper than any shop in the City.

R. J. COGER, Cent. Square, near, Wm. Source's Paint Shop, Cynthiana, Ky. I am now prepared to do all work in Carpenter line, and will contract to build Houses from the stump up. Job Work solicited. All my work shall be done in a manner to suit customers. Having located permanently in Cynthiana, I solicit a share of Public Patronage. June 23, 1870—2mo.

**WAR, FRANCE AND PRUSSIA. READ THE NEWS. GROCERIES AND HARDWARE.**

**WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.** All kind of choice Family Groceries, Flour, Meat, Bacon, Lard, Dried Beef, Salt, Lard, Corn, Plaster Paris, Grind Stones, North Carolina Tar, Paints, Oils, Glass, Putty, Sash and Doors, the Improved Water Drainers, Iron and Steel, all sizes and kinds, Horse Shoes, Cut and Wrot Nails, Castings, and Mechanical Tools of every kind in use. Hardware in all its departments, Table and Pocket Cutlery, Guns and Pistols, Superior Rifle and Blasting Powder and Safety Fuse, City and Spanish Sole Leather, Upper and French Calf and Kip Skins, and usual Tools in Findings. Anything and everything usually desired in his line, all of which will be sold as cheap as the cheapest, and satisfaction guaranteed. Give him a call. C. A. WEBSTER, SR. Cynthiana, July 21, 1870—6mo.

**JOB WORK** neatly executed at the "News Office."



# CYNTHIANA NEWS.

CYNTHIANA KY.  
THURSDAY, - AUGUST 25, 1870.

## LOCAL MATTER.

**Take Notice.**  
All persons having notices in this column will be charged 20 cents per line.

**Harrison County Agricultural & Mechanical Association.**  
In the premium list of the Harrison County Agricultural and Mechanical Association, the Rings for Harness Geldings to be shown on the Fourth Day, were by mistake omitted. The same premiums will be given to them in their respective Rings, as to Saddle Geldings. J. Q. WARD, Secretary.

August 11, 1870—3w.  
Kentuckian copy 3 weeks and charge this Office.

**Fresh Oysters.**  
A. Wittmann, of the Columbo Restaurant, has received Fresh Oysters.

**To Trustees.**  
The pro rata to each white child of pupil age for School Year ending the 30th day of June, 1871, is \$2.01 for Harrison county. J. F. LEBES, School Commissioner.

**The Far West.**  
A large number of ex-Federal Soldiers, will leave this county this Fall, and in the early Spring for the far West, to take advantage of the Land Grants of 160 acres each recently donated to all "ex-Federal" Soldiers, by act of Congress, July 15th, 1870.

**Wilkes and Ditzler.**  
These gentlemen have been holding a big meeting in Lexington, Missouri, where they have been discussing their religious differences. We have not heard which is the triumphant man in that section.

**Returned Home.**  
We are pleased to announce to our readers that our respected fellow-citizen H. F. Cromwell and family, arrived in this county from Alabama last Saturday. We hope he may find it agreeable and profitable to take up his residence here again, for we have never had the pleasure of knowing any better or purer man in all the walks and ways of this life. He is welcome.

**African Methodist Conference.**  
The Kentucky African Conference, which has recently met at Bowling Green, Ky., has appointed Rev. S. Straws, for Shelbyville, Ky., and Rev. W. Hill, from Georgetown, comes to this place. Mr. Hill is about 50 years of age. Mr. Straws has been preaching to his colored brethren in this place for the past three years, and his deportment as far as we can learn has been that of a good christian.

**Some Premiums.**  
Our old friend W. W. Goddard, formerly of this county, but now of Mercer, was awarded \$150 in Premiums, at the Salvia Fair.

**A New Stable.**  
Dr. David W. Henry & McGee have opened, on Pleasant Street, a Commission and Feed Stable, where they will be pleased to see their friends and the public generally.

**A Case Presentation.**  
Hon. Jas. B. Beck has been presented with a handsome gold-headed cane by W. D. Chipley, C. B. Grimes, E. R. Daniel, C. C. Bedell, and E. Kersey, of Columbus, Ga., in gratitude for his services in securing their relief from arrest and prolonged confinement in July, 1868, by the military authorities in Georgia.

**Job Work.**  
Having recently received a large assortment of new card and job type we are now prepared to do any kind of work in our line, from a large size poster, to the finest work done anywhere. Bring on your work.

**The Wheat Crop.**  
N. B. Wilson says his McChesney Wheat (Missouri white) yielded 20 bushels per acre, and is superior to any wheat of this year's growth.

**Ho! for Colonization!**  
We understand that Capt. R. F. Long, and Col. W. W. Bradley, of this county, are organizing a colonization society for the purpose of settling a colony along the Pacific R. R. All working men of good character are respectfully invited to participate. In the course of about 4 weeks Capt. Long will visit the West for the society, when further information will be imparted.

Subscription to the Cynthiana News \$2 a year in advance.

**Town Talk.**  
A new and splendid Bible has been laid upon the desk of the Christian Church. Elder Case has not made known the name of the donor.

The Water Melon business is very brisk in Cynthiana. Last week Mr. Cooper sold a load of the largest ever offered in any market.

The Methodist Church building is progressing rapidly. The foundation is laid and the brick work half way up to the roof. This will be a pretty church.

The grass, we are pleased to see has been plucked up and torn away from the pavements around the Court-House. Good.

The Market-House question continues to excite our people. Let us have a market-House, and an inspector of Weights and Measures.

We understand that Mr. Box will locate in Leesburg, and carry on the Tin-Smith business.

Samuel Williams, has very much improved his house on Church St.

Dr. Beale, has employed Mr. Eckler, one of the most reliable mechanics in Cynthiana, who is now putting up for the Doctor an excellent addition to his home on Pleasant Street.

F. A. Eveleth will rent his house on Walnut Street.

Mr. A. Dill's Flouring Mill is turning out about the best and cheapest Flour in Cynthiana—and the Millford Mills, two miles below Cynthiana, the property of Cook & Ashbrook, is another establishment where excellent flour is made. Our excellent friend Mr. Wolford has control of the Millford Mills.

By the way, we must be excused for complimenting our friend J. A. Wolford, for the splendid manner in which he has improved his new home. He has certainly displayed great taste in this thing.

D. A. Givens and family has gone to Put in Bay, Lake Erie, to improve their health, and R. C. Wherritt and family are at Crab Orchard for the same purpose.

Mr. Baker, our former City Marshal, is putting up an addition to his house.

Every person is asking what about Pleasant Street Bridge? That is just what we desire to know. Who is in for the bridge, and who is against it?

Messrs. January & Sullivan's Paint Shop has been removed to the corner of Bridge and Walnut Streets, where they are prepared to attend to all business promptly in their line.

Mr. Herr, the Blacksmith and Simon Smith, the Wagon and Carriage Maker on Walnut Street, are driving a lively trade. Go and see them.

Messrs. Baltzelle & Evens have burned about 200,000 brick this summer. They recently sold 100,000 to Mr. Martyn, for the Methodist Church. Mr. Humble, of Covington, is the Contractor.

Mr. J. J. Parish, has burned a large kiln of brick, and we understand that he is about to put a number of them in the house of Mr. J. H. Shawhan, which he is about to build this Fall. Mr. Jno. O. Day puts up the wood work.

Business in Cynthiana is beginning to look up, and we hope it may increase in volume. Our business men complain bitterly of the dullness of the season, but hope for better times. We can not conceive what it is that will interpose to keep down trade and lively times. Every Farmer in the county has raised a large crop, and a large surplus will leave the county, and a return in currency will be realized.

Jesse Basket, of Henderson, Kentucky, is in Cynthiana on a visit to his relative, Dr. Beale.

The Contractors on the Paddy's Run Turnpike are working on the Cynthiana end of it just now.

Mr. Flannagan, Prosecuting Attorney in Clark county, Ky., called to see us week before last. Mr. F. is a staunch Democrat.

Elder Thomas Arnold, is holding a protracted meeting at Indian Creek, in this county. We understand it will continue all this week.

H. C. Magre, and J. W. Moore, have been North on an excursion. They returned home last week.

Hon. Nicholas D. Coleman, of Louisiana, once a citizen of this county, is in Cynthiana, on business.

John D. Renaker, Esq., will accept the thanks of all hands in this office, for a bag full of peaches.

Capt. Atkins, is in Cynthiana. He looks well and says he wants to marry. If he don't his own fault.

A negro was caught in a man's garden at Roanoke, N. C., the other night, in close proximity to a lot of

fine cabbage. When interrogated as to what he was doing, he replied: 'Good Lord! dis nigger can't go no whar to pray without being troubled.'

Mr. Partington says that since the invention of the needle gun there is no reason why women should't fight as well as men.

Says the Boston Post: 'It is gratifying to one's sense of propriety to read that 'McMahon is no longer in communication with Nancy.' Her parents ought to have put a stop to the correspondence long ago.'

**A Whipping well Deserved.**  
On or about the tenth of last month, a fiend in human shape, named Jesse Duncan, residing at the time about three miles from Connersville, on the Scott line, attempted to ruin his daughter, but was foiled.

His neighbors took him out one night and whipped him for this act, from his head to his heels. He has since left the country, and the people are pleased that he has. His family remains where they were.

**Police Court.**  
The following persons have been fined for violating city ordinances:

Dr. Geo. Perrin, \$2 and cost.  
Simon Martin, \$2 and cost.  
Mrs. Strouse, \$5 and cost.  
Mrs. Yorkie, \$1 and cost.  
By order of Council.

**A Church Burned.**  
The Methodist Episcopal Church South, situated on the waters of Harrison Creek, about 4 miles North of Oddville, in Harrison county, was entirely destroyed by fire on Tuesday night, August 16th. The Church was in an unfinished condition, but for several months past, and the pulpit was occupied by Rev. R. Lancaster. The burning is believed to have been the work of an incendiary, as no fire had been in or about the church for several weeks back. The loss is estimated at \$700.

Last Friday the members met near where the church stood and erected a stand, and we understand Rev. Lancaster commenced a protracted meeting last Saturday. As a matter of course the meeting is held in the woods. Measures have already been inaugurated to erect a new church house immediately. We hope that the scoundrel who set the church on fire may be caught and sent to the Penitentiary for the balance of his life. He deserves it. Last Sunday, Rev. R. Lancaster preached at the above place and he urged the people to subscribe to re-build the church, and \$1,040 was raised for that purpose.

**Kentucky Fairs.**  
As the season for holding agricultural fairs approaches the interest in them increases and every body wants to know when they will be held. The following list, is the most complete and accurate that has yet been published:

North Kentucky, at Florence, August 30th, and continue five days.  
Shelby County, at Shelbyville, Tuesday, August 30th, and continue four days.

Mercer County, at Harrodsburg, Tuesday, September 6th, and continue four days.

Bourbon County, at Paris, Tuesday, September 6th, and continue four days.

Harrison County, at Cynthiana, Tuesday, September 13th, and continue four days.

Louisville and Jefferson County, near Louisville, September 13th and continue five days.

Fayette County at Lexington Tuesday, September 27th, and continue five days.

Nelson County, at Bardonia, Tuesday, September 27th, and continue five days.

State Fair, at Henderson, Tuesday, October 4th, and continue during the week.

**"Our Father's House" or the Unwritten Word.**  
We have received a copy of this excellent work, and from its appearance and the high commendations it has received at the hands of both the secular and religious press, as well as from leading ministers of the Protestant Churches in the country, we do not hesitate to commend it to all lovers of the good, the true and the beautiful. The illustrations are very fine. They are all in steel in the highest style of the art, and are alone worth the price of the book.

—True Kentuckian, Paris.

The Agent will call on the citizens of this place with the work, the coming week.

After reading the numerous commendations from distinguished men, which accompany the prospectus of Dr. March's work, "Our Father's House," I feel free to recommend it to all who wish to be entertained, and instructed by those beautiful, and sublime things, which it is the object of the work to exhibit in an attractive dress.

Rev. HARVEY GLASS, Pastor Presbyterian Church.

The former work by Dr. March, "Night Scenes," enables me to commend any book emanating from his pen, particularly can I do so in this

case. After looking over the list of distinguished and very competent men, who recommend the literary excellence of this volume.

Respectfully, C. W. MILLER, Pastor M. E. Church, Cynthiana.

**Money Orders.**  
In remitting sums of money always procure money Orders at the Postoffice. Orders can be obtained in any amounts from One cent to Fifty Dollars, at the following rates of fees:

On order's not exceeding \$20—10 cents.  
Over \$20—and not exceeding \$30—15 cents.  
Over \$30—and not exceeding \$40—20 cents.  
Over \$40—and not exceeding \$50—25 cents.

Three orders of \$50 each can be drawn on any one office the same day.

[For the Cynthiana News.

**To All Whom It May Concern.**  
Pleasant Take Notice.

Mr. Editor—I would like through the News of this week, to correct a willful mistake. Yesterday at Trickum, I learned from a very reliable source, namely: William Clifford, that the citizens at and surrounding, had heard that I told somebody as I was going to Trickum to my July meeting, that I was going to preach to the heathens at that place. This I was told yesterday, has hurt the feelings of the citizens of that place.

I immediately began to hunt out the reporter, and found that Mr. William Pixley, said or told that he got it from good authority in Cynthiana, that a man told him that he heard me say so. Mr. Ed. Hutcherson, Bro. Fred. Cason, and several others at Trickum, heard Mr. Pixley say that he got it from good authority in Cynthiana. Now, Mr. Editor, I am prepared to say that whoever Mr. Pixley's informant may be, whether in this town or elsewhere, that what Mr. Pixley says was told him is a black and dirty falsehood. I never told any one such thing. I hold Mr. Pixley responsible for his good authority, and demand of him to tell me who told him, as he (Mr. Pixley) was the first to spread what he heard that I had said. The reason I pay any attention to this whatever, is because, the citizens at and surrounding Trickum, believe from what they have heard, that I did say what I have referred to above. It has been done by some undermining, mischief making, ill-bred fellow, to run down my character, when I am altogether guiltless; and I wish a sudden stop put to the report. I denied the report yesterday at Trickum, in the pulpit, and told the citizens and congregation, that it had been done to retard my progress at that place, as a Minister. I have enough to do, to attend to my own business, and if people have any thing to say about me, I would request that they come to me, and talk face to face, and not report behind my back what I did not say, and what I pronounce as a LIE.

Respectfully,  
J. N. BARBEE.  
Cynthiana, Ky., Aug. 22, 1870.

**BIRTH.**  
On the 18th inst., to the wife of James W. Withers, Cashier of the Commercial Bank of this city, a daughter—Lida.

**MARRIED.**  
At the residence of Jno. McKee, her son-in-law, on Thursday, August 18, 1870, Mr. Mary Swain, aged about 70 years, was united in marriage to a son of 36 years—was once a citizen of this county. In Leeburg, this county, on the 22nd inst., Jesse H. Lovely.

In Bourbon county, on the 21st inst., Lizzie Barnes, daughter of Wm. G. Morris, aged about four years.

**NOTICE TO STOCK SHIPPERS.**  
On and after May 20th, 1870, and until November 1st, 1870, Rates on Cattle from Cynthiana to Covington, will be \$19 per car. All parts of Cars shipped with full Cars will be charged \$2.50 per car each head of Cattle or Horses to \$19. No half Cars furnished.

By Order of General Freight Agent.  
H. D. FRID, Cynthiana, Ky.,  
August 25, 1870—2w.

**Fail & Winter Importation 1870.**

**RIBBON'S**  
Millinery and Straw Goods.

**Armstrong, Cator & Co.**  
IMPORTERS and Jobbers of Bonnet Trimmings and Velvet Ribbons, Bonnets, Silks, Satins and Velvets, Blouses, Netts, Crapes, Flowers, Feathers, Ornaments, Straw Bonnets and Ladies' Hats, Trimmed and Untrimmed, Shaker Hoods, &c.

237 AND 239 BALTIMORE STREET, BALTIMORE, MD.

Offer the largest Stock to be found in this Country, and unequalled in choice variety and cheapness, comprising the latest Parisian novelties.

Orders solicited, and prompt attention given.  
August 25, 1870—6w.

**DISSOLUTION.**  
The Firm of Carl & Veach, engaged in the Carpenter and House Building Business, was mutually dissolved, on the 12th day of August, 1870. The Business will be continued by Franklin Carl.

F. CARL, S. S. VEACH,  
August 25, 1870—3w.

**DR. SMITH'S "ELECTRIC OIL."**

It cures Sick Headache in twenty minutes, Deafness, Salt Rheum, Rheumatism, Erysipelas, Piles, Croup, Neuralgia, Cankers, Felons, Burns, Cuts, &c. Twenty drops of the largest dose. No alcohol, Capsicum, Camphor, or Water in it.

[From the Largest Drug House in Boston.]  
We have sold a large quantity of Dr. SMITH'S "ELECTRIC OIL," which is spoken of with unqualified praise. Good reports from every bottle. WEEKS & POTTER, Wholesale Druggists, 151 Washington St., Boston.

Thousands of dollars are lost in time by farmers and business men, when a few dimes expended for the proper remedy at the right time, would have saved all pain and trouble. Pain is but a friendly appointment, and nature warns us in time. Some men are skeptical and selfish, others disregard the suffering child or the poor or ignorant. The rich can travel 1,000 miles and pay \$1,000 fees, cure or no cure. But what of the Poor?

When on earth, Christ invariably commended every good work; the act of the Good Samaritan, and all useful and efficient labor for man's amelioration, and He devoted His every waking hour to unselfish efforts—no time for malignant fault-finding and petty jealousy.

In that spirit should every one welcome a real benefactor, like Dr. GALTIER, B. SMITH'S "Electric Oil," of Philadelphia, a remedial so unlike any other known, as to attract the instant notice of medical men and all sufferers.

The great cures daily made are not mercurials, yet seem like enchantment. Considerable sums have been offered for the preparation of some dealers sell as high as 100 to 200 bottles in a single day.

This "Electric Oil" is just what it purports to be. No deception—no misnomer—may be tried on the spot. Dr. Smith frequently cures men and women, Doctors and Druggists, Ministers and Lawyers of deadly Sick Headache, within 20 minutes, in the Drug Stores, where color soon appears on the pale cheek, the eye begins to brighten up, and cheerfulness takes the place of abject misery.

It is true that Dr. Smith advertises very largely yet even that by no means alone accounts for such rapid and continuous demand. The oil cures, which the people find out. STONE & ARMSTRONG, of Cleveland, sold 153 bottles in one day. WEEK & POTTER, the eminent Druggists of Boston, sold 43 in a day. Geo. WELMER, of Akron, O., 5 doz., and others in proportion.

[From the Largest Drug House West of St. Louis.]

St. Joseph, March 12.  
Dr. SMITH—Please send us 20 dozen small and 30 dozen large size of your "Electric Oil." It has made a number of cures here and gives good satisfaction.

It cures and that is why it sells.  
HARDY & CO.,  
PROVIDENCE, May 10.

Dr. SMITH—Dear Sir:—We are entirely out of Dollar size of your "Electric Oil." Not a single bottle in the store. Send five gross large and ten gross small. We are having large sales.

Yours truly,  
J. BALCH & SONS.

**White Swelling Cured.**  
ALBANY, December 7.

Dr. SMITH, Philadelphia—Dear Sir:—Your Electric Oil cured my son, who was two years under the care of an eminent physician, and given up a cripple for life. [Signed.] J. W. HARCOURT.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, March 22.  
Dr. SMITH—Your Electric Oil is selling well. The Dollar size sells best here. Send me 21 dozen of each size. Yours truly,

N. D. LABADIE.  
Sold by J. W. BENAKER, Druggist and Apothecary, Dealer in Paints, Oils, Dye-Stuffs, Fancy Goods, School Books, Stationery, &c., Cynthiana, Ky.,  
August 18, 1870—ly.

**FOR SALE.**

500,000 Poplar Shingles.

200,000 16 and 18 inch Pine Sawn Shingles,

200,000 feet Third Common Pine Boards,

200,000 feet Third and Second Common Pine Flooring,

100,000 feet First and Second Common Shelving,

100,000 ft. Poplar and Hemlock Boards,

100,000 Poplar Lath,

10,000 feet Moulding,

500 Panel Doors,

500 PAIR WINDOW SASH.

300 PAIR VENETIAN BLINDS.

Two Story Frame House, Containing Six rooms; a Blacksmith Shop; Stone-House, Two new Corn Cribbs, that will hold Two Thousand barrels of Corn; Hog Pens, capable of holding One Thousand Hogs; and situated on one of the best lots in the county, for slopping Cattle and Mules. Also, an Excellent

Four Story Brick Warehouse, That will contain Four Thousand barrels of Whisky.

The Purchaser will be required to execute his Notes with good security, to the Commissioner of the Harrison Circuit Court, and a lien will be retained to secure the payment of the purchase money.

The use of the Brand of Jno. I. Shawhan, deceased, for five years will be sold with the Distillery. The Brand has been badge the Public for more than Thirty Years, and is highly popular.

This Property is situated in one of the best Grain Growing District of the Blue Grass Region.

At the same time and place, there will be sold to the highest bidder, Six Hundred and Sixty Barrels of Whisky, made in March and April, 1870, on a Credit of Three and Six Months. The Purchasers thereof, will be required to execute Notes with approved sureties, payable to the Branch of the Commercial Bank of Kentucky, at Cynthiana.

The Title of the Distillery Property is indisputable and free of incumbrance.

HENRY E. SHAWHAN, Jr., Georgetown, Times, and True Kentuckian, copy weekly, till day of Sale, and charge Advertiser.

July 4, 1870—3w.

**NEW GROCERY HOUSE.**

**A NEW FIRM.**

PAUL KING, JR. F. G. ASHBROOK

**King & Ashbrook,**  
Wholesale and Retail

**GROCERY STORE,**  
At Jett's old stand.

ARE now receiving and opening their new stock of groceries consisting of every article kept in a well arranged family Grocery and Provision Store. They will continue to receive as fast as the necessity demands all the new and fresh groceries, and at as cheap rates as they can be had at the city.

By attention to business, we expect to merit the favor of the public, and especially from our numerous friends. Goods given in exchange for country produce.

**BUILDING MATERIALS.**  
**LOUGHEAD & PORTER,**  
DOORS, SASH AND SHUTTER

MANUFACTURERS  
AND  
**BUILDING MATERIALS**  
Of Every Description,  
No. 22 HANNIBAL STREET,  
West of C. H. & D. R. Depot,  
CINCINNATI, O.

August 18—till January 1st, 1871.

## PUBLIC SALE!

BY Virtue of a Judgement and Order of Sale, rendered by the Harrison Circuit Court, at its May Term, 1870, I will as Commissioner of said Court, offer for Sale to the highest bidder, at the Court House Door, in Cynthiana, on

Monday, 12th day, September 1870, (it being County Court Day), all of the Real Estate of Harrison Magee, Deceased,

VIZ: THE

**Farm of 192 1-2 Acres, and 30 Poles,**

Situated on 1 1/4 miles North-east of Cynthiana, on the Falmouth Road. Also, the

**Family Residence,**

Situated in the Suburbs of Cynthiana, Containing

**ABOUT 2 ACRES.**  
Also One Grass Lot, Fronting Claysville Pike, Containing

**ABOUT 2 ACRES.**  
Also, some Fine Building Lots, on Miller Street, 200 feet deep.

Also, 3 Building Lots, Fronting Wilson Avenue, about 300 feet deep.

Also, 2 Building Lots, Fronting Claysville Pike, about 300 feet deep.

Also, the Two Story Brick Grocery Store, situated on Pike Street in Cynthiana, and owned by H. Magee & Son, and at present occupied by J. A. Remington & Co.

Sale will be positive and without reserve.

**Diagrams of the Building Lots,**  
Can be seen at my Office, at any time, and all information concerning the same, may be had on application to the Commissioner.

**TERMS:**  
One-third of the purchase money due 1st of March 1871, when possession will be given. One-third in one year from 1st of March 1871, and one-third in two years thereafter, bearing 6 per cent. interest from the 1st day of March, 1871. Bond with approved security required in all cases.

A. PERRIN, Master Commissioner.  
August 11, 1870—5w.

**COMMISSIONER'S SALE!**

OF

**DISTILLERY & LAND.**

A Special Commissioner of the Harrison Circuit Court, in the case of Jno. I. Shawhan's Administrator, vs. Wm. W. Atkins, &c. I will on the

22nd day of September, 1870,



